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customer and the services to be rendered by the bank;

- (2) The presence or absence of a pattern of acceptance of the bank's recommendations;
- (3) The use by the customer of ideas, suggestions, market views and information obtained from other government securities brokers or dealers or market professionals, particularly those relating to the same type of securities; and
- (4) The extent to which the bank has received from the customer current comprehensive portfolio information in connection with discussing recommended transactions or has not been provided important information regarding its portfolio or investment objectives.
- (j) Banks are reminded that these factors are merely guidelines that will be utilized to determine whether a bank has fulfilled its suitability obligation with respect to a specific institutional customer transaction and that the inclusion or absence of any of these factors is not dispositive of the determination of suitability. Such a determination can only be made on a caseby-case basis taking into consideration all the facts and circumstances of a particular bank/customer relationship, assessed in the context of a particular transaction.
- (k) For purposes of the interpretation in this section, an institutional customer shall be any entity other than a natural person. In determining the applicability of the interpretation in this section to an institutional customer, the OCC will consider the dollar value of the securities that the institutional customer has in its portfolio and/or under management. While the interpretation in this section is potentially applicable to any institutional customer, the guidance contained in this section is more appropriately applied to an institutional customer with at least \$10 million invested in securities in the aggregate in its portfolio and/or under management

PART 14—CONSUMER PROTECTION IN SALES OF INSURANCE

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AUTHORITY: 12 U.S.C. 1 *et seq.*, 24(Seventh), 92, 93a, 1462a, 1463, 1464, 1818, 1831x, and 5412(b)(2)(B).

SOURCE: 65 FR 75839, Dec. 4, 2000, unless otherwise noted.

§14.10 Purpose and scope.

- (a) General rule. This part establishes consumer protections in connection with retail sales practices, solicitations, advertising, or offers of any insurance product or annuity to a consumer by:
- (1) Any national bank or Federal savings association: or
- (2) Any other person that is engaged in such activities at an office of the national bank or Federal savings association, or on behalf of the national bank or Federal savings association.
- (b) Application to operating subsidiaries. For purposes of §5.34(e)(3) of this chapter for national banks and §5.38(e)(3) of this chapter for Federal savings associations, an operating subsidiary is subject to this part only to the extent that it sells, solicits, advertises, or offers insurance products or annuities at an office of a national bank or Federal savings association, or on behalf of a national bank or Federal savings association.

[79 FR 28398, May 16, 2014, as amended at 80 FR 28472, May 18, 2015]

§14.20 Definitions.

As used in this part:

- (a) Affiliate means a company that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with another company.
- (b) Bank means a national bank or a Federal branch, or agency of a foreign bank as defined in section 1 of the International Banking Act of 1978 (12 U.S.C. 3101, et seq.)
- (c) Company means any corporation, partnership, business trust, association or similar organization, or any other trust (unless by its terms the trust